



INTEGRATED SUPPORT PROJECT FOR THE RESILIENCE OF REFUGEE, DISPLACED, RETURNED AND VULNERABLE HOST POPULATIONS FROM THE DIFFA REGION, NIGER

Project Objectives

Through a multisectoral approach, The Welthungerhilfe in Consortium with three other NGOs (ACTED, Concern and AGORA / IMPACT) aims to reduce the dependence of refugees, internally displaced persons and host families on humanitarian aid short-term emergency. This strengthens their independence and their resilience. WHH's action within the consortium relates to two specific objectives out of the 5 that the project aims to achieve:

- Sustainably improve the capacities of the most vulnerable communities, households and people to anticipate, absorb and recover from shocks affecting their food and nutritional security
- Promote peaceful coexistence and facilitate communication between different strata of the population.

Duration	From January 1 st , 2019 to December 31 st , 2021 (36 months)
Financial Partner	Union Européenne, Fonds fiduciaire pour le Sahel
Financing	3.275.833,00 Euros 2.148.805.587,181 FCFA

Area of Intervention

The project intervenes in 6 urbanized sites of 6 urbanized communes of DIFFA: Diffa, Gueskéro, Chétimari, Mainé Sora, Nguigmi, and Kablewa

Target Groups

The target groups of the project are 6000 households¹, that is 42,000 refugees, displaced persons and hosts installed on the urbanized sites of the Diffa region.

Results

1. Strengthen the prevention of malnutrition through screening, strengthening of

¹ A household is made up of an average of 7 people. So to have the number of people supported, the number of households is multiplied by 7

community capacities and health structures in the region.

2. Support agricultural and livestock production and capacity building of host communities, refugees and displaced persons as well as Technical Services.
3. Strengthen social cohesion and peaceful coexistence by strengthening the communication of community radios.

Project Description

Le projet est principalement axé sur :

Output 1: Food security is improved on urbanized sites

- The establishment of community irrigated plots (with Californian solar system) intended for vegetable production
- Distribution of improved seeds to vulnerable households (rain-season crops) and training on technical agronomic routes

Output 2: The nutritional status of children under 5 is improved

- Strengthening the prevention of malnutrition in children aged 6 to 59 months through the establishment, equipment and training of women's nutrition groups (GFN)



Output 3: Livestock production and management capacities are strengthened

- Strengthening the veterinary care system at the intervention sites
- Construction and equipment of 3 Livestock Food Banks as well as training of management committees

Output 4: Access to credit and seeds is facilitated on the sites for the affected populations.

- Training of beneficiaries on warrantage, their supervision and technical support by the local NGO ALMAF
- Connection with a Microfinance Institution (MFI) to manage the granting of loans

Output 5: Social cohesion is strengthened between different segments of the population (indigenous people, refugees and internally displaced persons)

- Strengthening community radios through the dissemination of awareness messages
- The dissemination of awareness messages on relevant topics
- Training of the agents of 10 community radios

Indicators

1. 80% of women of reproductive age targeted have improved their dietary diversity score
2. 80% of children under the age of two who benefited from the project reached a minimum acceptable diet (MAD)
3. 80% of the mothers of children under the age of 2 who benefited from the project achieved an average and acceptable Food Diversity Score (SDA).
4. 80% of beneficiary households have applied at least one modern sustainable agricultural technique to strengthen and protect their livelihoods

Stakeholders

The stakeholders are:

- Deconcentrated technical services of the state (Agriculture, Livestock, Hydraulics, Health, Environment, and Regional Chamber of Agriculture, and Rural Engineering);
- The local agency of Microfinance N'gada;
- Local site management committees (COGES);
- ICRISAT, institute of research;
- Local and customary authorities;
- And the beneficiaries